

windows contain fragments of stained glass, with the royal arms of the Plantagenets, and those of the City of York, and the Neville family: there is an inscribed sup-plicatory brass to William Bowes, sen. sheriff in 1402, lord mayor in 1417 and 1428, and M.P. for York in four parliaments, under Henry V. and his successors, as well as to his wife, Isabelle, ob. 25 July, 1435: Roman anti- quities have been met with, both in the church and church- yard. The register dates from the year 1581. The living is a rectory, average tithe rent charge £138, net yearly value £271, including 6 acres of glebe and residence, in the gift of the Archbishop of York, and held since 1859 by the Rev. Andrew Robert Fausset D.D. of Trinity College, Dublin, and prebendary of York.

The church of St. Dionis or Denis, Walmgate, is an ancient edifice of stone, in the Transition Norman, Decorated and Perpendicular styles, but consists mainly of the chancel, with its aisles, of a fine church, the nave of which was destroyed in 1798: there is a south porch and an embattled western tower of poor design, erected about 1847, upon the Norman arches of the ancient tower, and containing an illuminated clock and 3 bells: the windows contain remains of good ancient stained glass, that in the north aisle being the earliest: the east window exhibits figures of the Blessed Virgin, St. John and St. Dionis, and two shields of arms of the Scrope family, all of Perpendicular date: and in a window on the north side are portions of a Jesse tree: another contains some fine Early Decorated glass, representing "Christ in the Garden," and "the Incredulity of St. Thomas": and the east window of the north aisle has flowing tracery of unusual design: the south doorway has a rich Norman arch recessed in five orders and removed here from the destroyed nave, but has been rebuilt without its shafts: in the north aisle many members of the Percy family were interred, including Henry, third Earl of Northumberland, who fell at Towton, 29 March, 1461, when leading the van of the Lancastrian army, and a large blue stone is said to mark his grave: during the erection of the modern tower several interest- ing monumental slabs were discovered: the church, restored in 1865, has sittings for 350 persons. The registers date from the year 1558. The living is a rectory, anciently the property of the Hospital of St. Leonard, but at the Dissolution transferred to the Crown, gross yearly value £242, with residence, in the gift of the Archbishop of York, and held since 1873 by the Rev. George Henry Hewison M.A. of St. John's College, Cam- bridge, chaplain to York cemetery.

The church of St. Helen, Stonegate, formerly belonging to the Priory of St. John the Baptist, at Molesby, in Lincolnshire, was, on the dissolution of that house, trans- ferred to the Crown; it is an ancient edifice of stone, chiefly in the Decorated style, and consists of chancel, nave, aisles, west porch and an octagonal lantern belfry, with pinnacled buttresses and open traceried windows and battlements, rising from a bold gabled arch project- ing over the west window, and containing 2 bells: the east window retains some glass of the Decorated and Perpendicular periods, and there are several other stained windows, and a Norman font, with bowl-shaped basin, surrounded by an arcade, the shafts of which follow the outline of the basin, and terminate in the mouldings beneath it: the original circular base is raised on an octagonal Decorated base: the organ was presented by the parishioners in 1867: the church was repaired and partly rebuilt in 1805, and restored in 1859, the exterior being renovated, and the lantern and west end rebuilt in 1876: there are sittings for 320 persons: the old churchyard was levelled and paved in 1745. The register dates from the year 1568. The living is a vicarage, net yearly value £135, including 28 acres of glebe, in the gift of the Archbishop of York, and held

since 1877 by the Rev. Thomas Smith M.A. of Trinity College, Cambridge.

The church of St. John the Evangelist, Micklegate, is an ancient edifice of stone, in the Decorated and Perpen- dicular styles, consisting of chancel, nave, aisles, south porch and a low western tower, containing 5 bells: the aisles extend along the whole length of the church, from the western angles of the tower to the end of the chancel; the arcades dividing them from the nave are probably Early English, or perhaps Transitional; the south aisle is Perpendicular, but has a Decorated doorway with a stoup: the windows retain some good ancient glass of the Late Decorated and Perpendicular periods, including shields of arms, supported by angels, representing the founders of the north chantry and families connected with them, figures of various saints, subjects from the New Testament and other figures: on the north side is a high tomb of Perpendicular date: the upper part of the tower was blown down in 1551: here was buried Sir Richard Yorke kt. lord mayor of York in 1469 and 1482, who was knighted at York in 1487; the church was restored in 1850, and will seat 440 persons. The register dates from the year 1678. The living is a vicarage, net yearly value £185, including 140 acres of glebe, in the gift of the Dean and Chapter of York, and held since 1883 by the Rev. George Trundle M.A. of St. John's College, Cambridge.

The parish of St. Lawrence now includes that of St. Nicholas, united with and annexed to it in 1885, and all fees &c. formerly belonging to St. Nicholas' parish are now due to the incumbent of the vicarage of St. Lawrence. The old church of St. Lawrence, in Lawrence street, was a small and ancient building in the Gothic style, consisting of chancel nave and a small embattled western tower, with pinnacles, containing one bell: it was nearly destroyed during the siege of 1644, and remained in ruins until 1669, when it was rebuilt, but the whole, with the exception of the tower, which stands entirely alone, has been pulled down; the lower portion of the tower is Norman, and retains a good Norman doorway. A new church was erected in 1883, at a cost of £7,000: this is an edifice of stone in the Early English style, consisting of apsidal chancel, clerestoried nave with aisles, transepts, and south porch, and a western tower, with a lofty spire 160 feet high, both added in 1892, at a cost of £1,800, and containing a clock, but at present without bells, and has sittings for 850 persons: in the chancel of the old church were monuments to the Yarburgh family of Heslington, and a memorial to Walter, 4th son of Sir Walter Bethell, of Alne, kt. and to Mary, daughter of Sir Henry Slingsby kt. ob. 1686. ~~Outside Walmgate Bar~~ the ruins of the ancient church of St. Nicholas, destroyed in the siege of 1644: near the remains lies a tomb slab with the effigy of a priest vested, and an inscription to Sir Richard de Grimstone, parson of Stillingfleet: in 1736 a gravestone was found here, inscribed to Johanna Wurga, ob. 1482. The register dates from the year 1780. The living is a vicarage, average tithe rent charge £36, net yearly value £287, including 250 acres of glebe, with residence, in the gift of the Dean and Chapter of York, and held since 1885 by the Rev. Francis Whaley Harper, jun. M.A. St. John's College, Cambridge.

The church of St. Margaret, Walmgate, originally be- longed to the Hospital of St. Peter, in the city, and some portions of it are of considerable antiquity: it is an edifice of stone in the Decorated style, consisting of nave, north aisle, south porch and an embattled western tower, with pinnacles, containing 4 bells: the tower, which fell down in 1672, was rebuilt in 1684, principally by subscription: the Norman south doorway is a fine and remarkable work, with four orders of mouldings, overlaid with pierced work, richly carved: the outer arch exhibits the twelve signs of the zodiac, with a thirteenth zodiacal